# Vickers Laboratories Ltd - Safety Data Sheet

(in accordance with regulation (EU) 2015/830 and regulation (EC) 1272/2008)

Revision: 2.1

Revision date: Date printed:

### 16 April 2021 12 August 2023

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# Section 1. Identification

1.1	Product Identifier	1197
	Product Name	LEAD MONOXIDE YELLOW pure
	CAS Number REACH Registration No	1317-36-8 A registration number is not available as the substance or its uses are exempt, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later date.
	Molecular Formula	Pb0 = 223.20
1.2 F	Relevent identified uses of th	ne substance or mixure & uses advised against
	Uses of Material	Chemical for industrial and laboratory use. Not suitable for domestic use.
1.3	Supplier	Vickers Laboratories Ltd
	VICKERS LABORATORIES	Grangefield Industrial Estate Richardshaw Road Pudsey West Yorkshire LS28 6QW UNITED KINGDOM
	Phone Fax Email Website	44 0113 2362811 +44(0)113 2362703 safety@viclabs.co.uk www.viclabs.co.uk
1.4	Emergency Telephone	(08:00-16:30) +44(0) 113 2362811 (24hr) 112 (Have this document to hand)

# Section 2. Hazards Identification

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Acute toxicity, category 4 (oral)	H302: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity, category 4 (inhalation)	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Carcinogenicity, category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Reproductive toxicity, category 1A	H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Spec target organ tox - repeat, category 1	H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Danger

Signal word

Hazard Pictograms



 Hazard Statements
Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements
Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

# Section 3. Composition

### 3.1 Substances

Component	CAS No.	EEC No.	REACH No.	Conc w/w	CLP Classification (1272/2008/CE)
Lead monoxide yellow	1317-36-8	215-267-0		>99.5%	Acute Tox. 4 (O), Acute Tox. 4 (I), Carc. 2, Repr. 1A, STOT RE 1, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1

# Section 4. First Aid

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

1	
Eyes	Irrigate thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eye open. If discomfort persists OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.
Skin	Thoroughly wash off skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash before re- use.
Inhalation	Remove from exposure. Keep warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing give oxygen if available. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.
Ingestion	If conscious wash out mouth thoroughly with water and give water or milk to drink. Do not induce vomiting. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.
Personal protection for first aiders	Wear protective gloves / eye protection.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute & delayed.

No further relevant information available.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

No further relevant information available.

# Section 5. Fire Fighting

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Ex	tinguishing Media	Consider what other flammable materials are present and act accordingly. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.
U	nsuitable Media	Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards May evolve toxic fumes if involved in a fire.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area immediately. Keep up wind. Avoid exposure to toxic vapours and fumes. Fire-fighters should wear protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

# Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Protection Evacuate area immediately. Do not allow other people to enter area. Avoid breathing dust-wear respiratory protective equipment.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters and soil. Notify the Environmental Agency and local Environmental Health Officer if major spillage occurs.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Major Spillage	Vacuum up into container for removal. Carefully remove material from vacuum cleaner and transfer to sealable container for disposal. Carry out this operation under fume extraction.
Minor Spillage	Vacuum up into container for removal. Carefully remove material from vacuum cleaner and transfer to sealable container for disposal. Carry out this operation under fume extraction.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See section 8.2 for information on protective equipment and section 13 for information on disposal.

## Section 7. Storage & Handling

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breath dust. Do not allow to contaminate clothing.

Ensure Local Exhaust Ventilation maintains dust concentrations below the recommended limits.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Well ventilated, cool, dry storage . Keep well separated from food and food containers.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2.

# Section 8. Workplace Exposure & Personal Protection

#### **8.1 Control parameters**

Component	CAS No	Concentration	Workplace Exposure Limits			
			Long Term	(8hr TWA)	Short Term	15min period)
Lead monoxide yellow	1317-36-8	>99.5%	-	_	_	-

Exposure data source(s)

No occupational exposure data currently available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

F	Respiratory Protection	Use L.E.V. or natural ventilation to maintain dust concentrations below exposure limits. If not, use a well maintained chemical cartridge respirator, or use self contained breathing apparatus.
ŀ	Iand Protection	Wear gloves.
E	Eye Protection	No specific hazard through eye contact although the wearing of safety glasses is advised.
S	kin Protection	Avoid contact with skin. If skin contact or contamination of clothing is likely, protective clothing must be worn.
S	pecial Hazards	No special precautions required.

# Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Yellow-buff crystalline powder.
Odour	No specific odour.
рН	Not applicable
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Not available
Melting Point	Not applicable
Flash Point	Not applicable

Upper Flammable Limit	Not applicable
Lower Flammable Limit	Not applicable
Auto Ignition	Not applicable
Explosive Properties	No.
Oxidising Properties	No.
Vapour Pressure	Not applicable
Relative Density	9.9600
Water Solubility	Practically insoluble in water.

### 9.2 Other information

No data available.

# Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

10.1	Reactivity	No data available.
10.2	Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	No data available.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid	No specific conditions.
10.5	Incompatable Materials	No specific materials to avoid.
10.6	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Decomposes to emit flammable oxygen gas and toxic fumes of oxides of lead.

# Section 11. Toxicological Information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Eyes	Contact with the solid or dust may be irritating to the eyes but unlikely to cause serious injury.
Skin	Unlikely to be an irritant on brief or occasional exposure.
LD50 Skin	Not available
Ingestion	Moderately toxic by ingestion.
LD50 Oral	>2000 mg/Kg Rat
Inhalation	Inhalation of the dust may cause ultra structural changes to the lungs and effect the central nervous system.
LD50 Inhalation	>5.05 mg/L Rat (4 hours)
TCLo	Not available
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.
Mutagenicity	Significant increases in chromosome aberrations have been reported.
Reproductive Effects	No information is available.
Other Information	Chronic lead poisoning may occur from dust inhalation. Anaemia and other blood effects are the most common. Early symptoms of poisoning include fatigue, headache, sleep disturbances, aching bones and muscles, gastrointestinal disturbances and reduced appetite. Large doses affect the central nervous system causing severe headaches, convulsions, coma, kidney damage and death.

# Section 12. Ecological

12.1	Toxicity	Lead salts are harmful to the environment. Very Toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.	
	LC50 Algal	Not available	
	LC50 Crustacea	73.56 μg/L (72 hours)	
	LC50 Fish	107 μg/L Rainbow trout (96 hours)	
12.2	Persistence and degradability	No data available.	
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.	
12.4	Mobility in soil	No data available.	

- **12.5** Results of PBT & vPvB Assessment not required. assessment
- **12.6** Other adverse effects None known at present.

# Section 13. Disposal Considerations

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal MethodsDispose of to a licensed land fill site.Contaminated PackagingUse a licensed waste disposer.

# Section 14. Transport Information

UN Number	2291	
Proper Shipping Name	Lead compound, soluble, N.O.S. (Lead Monoxide)	
Transport classes		<
UN classification	6.1	
Subsidiary hazard(s)	None	
Transport category	2	
ADR Hazard ID	60	
Tunnel Restriction Code	E	
Packing Group	III	
Environment hazards	Marine pollutant.	
Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.	
Transport in bulk	Not transported in bulk.	
	Proper Shipping Name Transport classes UN classification Subsidiary hazard(s) Transport category ADR Hazard ID Tunnel Restriction Code Packing Group Environment hazards Special precautions for user	Proper Shipping NameLead compound, soluble, N.O.S. (Lead Monoxide)Transport classesUN classification6.1Subsidiary hazard(s)NoneTransport category2ADR Hazard ID60Tunnel Restriction CodeEPacking GroupIIIEnvironment hazardsMarine pollutant.Special precautions for userNo special precautions required.

# Section 15. Regulatory Information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environment regulations specific for subtance/mixture.

### Classification, Labeling & Packaging of Substances & Mixtures Regulations (1272/2008/CE)

Cl	lassification	Acute toxicity, category 4 (oral); Acute toxicity, category 4 (inhalation); Carcinogenicity, category 2; Reproductive toxicity, category 1A; Spec target organ tox - repeat, category 1; Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1; Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1		
Si	ignal word	Danger		
H	azard Pictograms			
Ha	azard Statements	H302, H332, H360, H351, H372, H410 Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Pr	recautionary Statements	P281, P260, P264, P270, P301+P312, P330 Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.		
15.2 Chemical safety assessment				

TOXIC

# Assessment not required.

# Section 16. Other Information

The information contained in this document only covers the hazards presented by this material, it DOES NOT constitute a workplace risk assessment. See sections 11 for toxicological information and section 12 for ecological information.

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